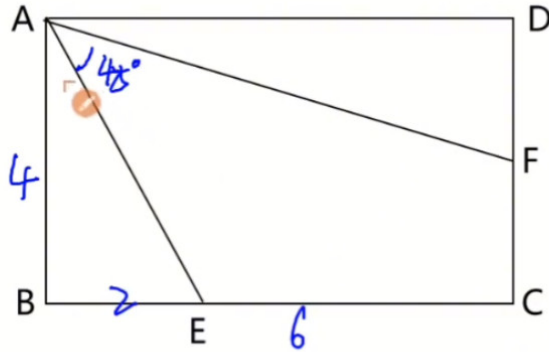


12345模型

如图，已知在矩形 $ABCD$ 中， $AB = 4, BC = 6$ ， $BE = 2$ ，且 $\angle EAF = 45^\circ$ ，则 $DF =$ _____



余 = 对 -

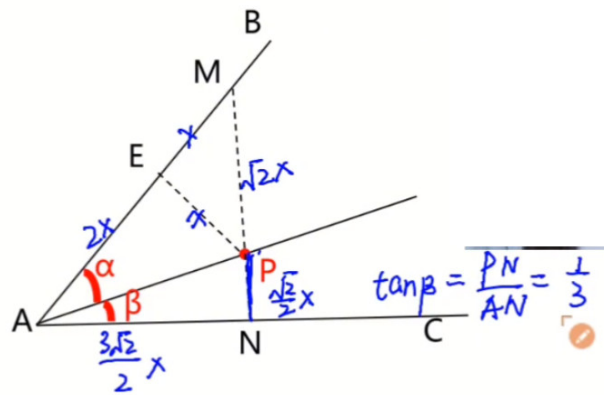
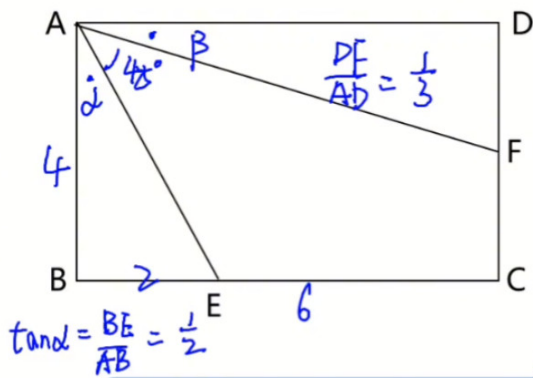
$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$	$\tan \beta = \frac{1}{3}$	$\alpha + \beta = 45^\circ$
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结论: $\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{2}, \tan \beta = \frac{1}{3}, \alpha + \beta = 45^\circ$

利用结论:

12345模型

如图，已知在矩形 $ABCD$ 中， $AB = 4, BC = 6$ ， $BE = 2$ ，且 $\angle EAF = 45^\circ$ ，则 $DF =$ 2



余 = 对 -

$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \checkmark$	$\tan \beta = \frac{1}{3}$	$\alpha + \beta = 45^\circ \checkmark$
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设 $\angle BAE = \angle \alpha, \angle FAD = \angle \beta$

$$\because BE = 2, AB = 4 \therefore \frac{BE}{AB} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2} = \tan\alpha$$

$$\text{双} \because \alpha + \beta = 45^\circ \text{ 根据结论: } \frac{DF}{AD} = \frac{1}{3} \therefore DF = 2$$

证明: 绘制右侧的图形, $\angle\alpha + \beta = 45^\circ$

取角分线上任意一点 P ,向 AB, AC 引垂线, 构造直角三角形, 同时, 延长 NP 交 AB 与 M 。

这样就有了好多个直角三角形, 计算起来就容易了:

$$\because \tan\alpha = \frac{1}{2} \text{ 设 } EP = x \text{ 则 } AE = 2x$$

$$\because \angle ANM \text{ 是引垂线引出的直角三角形, } \angle NAB = 45^\circ$$

$$\therefore \angle AMN = 45^\circ \therefore EM = EP = x \quad PM = \sqrt{2}x, AM = 3x$$

再利用等腰直角三角形的边长关系, 得到

$$AN = MN$$

$$\because 2AN^2 = (3x)^2 \quad AN = \sqrt{\frac{(3x)^2}{2}} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}x$$

$$\therefore PN = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}x - \sqrt{2}x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x$$

$$\therefore \tan\beta = \frac{PN}{AN} = \frac{1}{3}$$

证毕